## Math 11 Matrix Calculations

### **Introduction**

We are going to use Microsoft Excel to solve systems of equations.

We will use the following formulas:

- mdeterm calculate matrix determinant
- minverse calculate matrix inverse
- mmult multiply matrices

# <u>Part A</u>

We will solve page 54 #60 a):

5x - 8y = -42-3x + 5y = 26

### Steps:

- 1. Open a new spreadsheet in Microsoft Excel.
- 2. Input the all the values from Picture #1 into the appropriate cells. For example, in cell **B3** insert *5*, in cell **C3** insert *-8*.

Pictur	e #1:								
	B3		$  f_x \Sigma = 5 $						
		A	В	С	D	E	F	G	
	1								
	2		Coefficient Ma	<u>atrix</u>		Solution Matri	X		
	3		5	-8		-42			
	4		-3	5		26			
	5								
	6								
	7		Determinant		Inverse			Solution	
	8								
	9								
	10								
	11								
	12								

3. In cell C8 enter the formula =mdeterm(B3:C4) and press the enter key.

**Note:** You can highlight the cells B3:C4 using the mouse instead of typing in *B3:C4* and the program will automatically fill it in the formula for you.

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<b>B8</b>		<ul> <li>★ Σ</li> </ul>	= = MDETER	RM(B3:C4)			
	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
1							
2		Coefficient Ma	atrix		Solution Matri	x	
3		5	-8		-42		
4		-3	5		26		
5							
6							
7		Determinant		Inverse			Solution
8		1					
9							
10							
11							
12							
12							

In C8 you should now see the number 1. This is the determinant of the 2x2 matrix.

With your mouse, highlight the cells D8,E8,D9,E9. Enter the following formula:
 *=minverse(B3;C4)*. *Press CTRL-SHIFT-ENTER*. (Note ENTER will only populate one cell instead of 4.)

You should now see cells **D8;E9** populated with the matrix inverse.

D8:E9	D8:E9 ▼ 🛣 Σ = {=MINVERSE(B3:C4)}						
	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
1							
2		Coefficient Ma	<u>trix</u>		Solution Matri	x	
3		5	-8		-42		
4		-3	5		26		
5							
6							
7		Determinant		Inverse			Solution
8		1		5	8		
9				3	5		
10							
11							
12							
12							

5. With your mouse, highlight the cells **G8** and **G9**. Enter the following formula =mmult(D8:E9;E3:E4) and press **CTRL-SHIFT-ENTER**. Your field is now populated with the answer to your matrix equation. (x = -2, y = 4).

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G8:G	G8:G9 $\checkmark$ $\%$ $\Sigma = \{=MMULT(D8:E9;E3:E4)\}$						
	A	В	С	D	E	F	G
1							
2		Coefficient Ma	atrix		Solution Matri	x	
3		5	-8		-42		
4		-3	5		26		
5							
6							
7		<b>Determinant</b>		Inverse			Solution
8		1		5	8		-2
9				3	5		4
10							
11							
12							

6. Try changing the values of the Coefficient Matrix and Solution Matrix for the numbers 60 g,h, and i. Do they match your answers from your homework?

Answers: 60 g. (1,-2) h. (-40,-24) i. (6,-2)

### <u>Part B</u>

We solve 3x3 matrix equations the exact same way we solve 2x2 matrix equations, however the determinant and inverse of 3x3 matrices are usually too complicated to solve by hand.

Make a new excel file (or modify the one you have) to solve 3x3 equations. Use it to solve the following equations:

a. $x - 3y + 5z = -14$	b. $-2x + 4y - z = -7$	c. $x + 3y - 8z = 16$
2x + y - 6z = 20	x + 2y + 3z = -2	2x + y - 4z = -6
3x - 2y + z = 0	4x-2y+3z = 14	-x + 2y + 12z = 18

Answers: a) (1,0,-3) b) (6,1/2, -3) c) (-7,7,-1/4)

### Part C

Make a new excel file and perform a matrix multiplication on the following two charts below (Chart A x Chart B).

a) Fill in Chart C below.

b) In your own words, what does your final answer represent?

#### Chart A:

	Number of Cars Sold						
Salesperson		Civic Coupe	Civic Sedan	<u>Civic Hybrid</u>	Accord Coupe	Accord Sedan	
Name	Tom	1	2	0	2	3	
	Jerry	2	4	1	0	0	
	Beavis	2	3	3	0	0	

#### Chart B:

	Car Price
Civic Coupe	\$18 240
Civic Sedan	\$25 990
Civic Hybrid	\$24 990
Accord Coupe	\$26 790
Accord Sedan	\$24 790

### **Chart C:**
